

NAME

epp – exploratory projection pursuit for multispectral images

SYNOPSIS

epp [-npr *nproj*] [-e [*rows* [*cols* [*from_row* [*from_col*]]]]] [-J *order*] [-adj *fname*] [-tol *x*] [-tolidx *x*]

DESCRIPTION

epp implements an exploratory projection pursuit method for finding interesting (structured) projections of multi-frame images. The projection index maximized in each iteration is a measure of deviation from normality of the density (histogram) for the projected image. *epp* finds *nproj* projections (linear combinations) of the original frames, successively removing already found structure, in order to generate other interesting projections or views of the multivariate image. The user can specify a subarea of the image for use in the optimization by the **-e** option, which works as in the *extract* function. The **-J** parameter specifies the order of a Legendre polynomial approximation used in computing the projection index. Reasonable values are 4-8 (default 4). Specifying **-adj** causes the program to output the adjusted images also in the file *fname*. *tol* and *tolidx* are convergence tolerances for the gradient optimization. *tol* is the average squared difference between elements in successive projection vectors and *tolidx* is the relative tolerance for the computed projection index.

EXAMPLE

Find 6 projections using the 50 by 50 subimage with upper left pixel coordinates (10,10), and 6th order Legendre polynomials for the projection index

```
epp -np 6 -e 50 50 10 10 -J 6 < in.hips > out.hips
```

The result is a 6-frame image containing the projections.

REFERENCE

Friedman, J.H. (1987): Exploratory Projection Pursuit, *JASA* **82**, 249-266

SEE ALSO

maf(1), *extract*(1), *grandtour*(1)

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